

GUIDE TO BEEF CARCASS CLASSIFICATION



February 2004 • Issued by the New Zealand Meat Classification Authority

# To the producers, buyers & sellers of New Zealand Meat

The New Zealand Meat Classification Authority, a joint body of the New Zealand Meat Board and the Meat Industry Association of New Zealand, provides the classification system, described in this guide, on a voluntary basis.

The classifications have been developed by the New Zealand Meat Board, in consultation with the Meat Industry Association of New Zealand.

New Zealand export meat is sold on a cold weight basis. For ease of understanding the term "export weight" is used in this brochure to describe cold weight. New Zealand farmers are paid on a hot weight basis. Weight ranges shown in this guide are hot weight.

The system, which is available only to licensed users, is protected by a registered trademark i.e.



Use of the system is audited by a Meat Classification Authority appointed body.

# Beef

The system classifies carcasses according to maturity, sex, fat content and muscling. Weight is relevant for payment purposes.

Types of carcasses are:

• Steer, heifer, cow, bull; • Bobby calf

#### Steer, Heifer, Cow, Bull

#### Definitions:

Steer:	Male cattle castrated when young.
Heifer:	Female cattle having no more than
	six permanent incisors.
Cow:	Female cattle having more than six permanent
	incisors.
Bull:	Entire cattle with masculine characteristics.
Bobby calf	: Milk-fed, generally under two weeks old.
They are not	classified into either classes or weight ranges.

Selected Young Beef (SYB): This is a voluntary carcass category.

The dentition criterion is no more that 4 permanent incisors erupted. It must be grass feed, growth promotant free and encompass carcasses between 245kg and 360kg.

**Fat Classes:** All carcasses, except bobby calves, are classified into Fat Classes (see table on next page).

**Muscling:** All adult cattle, other than M cow are classified into three muscling classes, 1,2 and 3. Each is based on the degree of muscling of the hindquarter (see illustrations on back page).

Standard carcass trim is illustrated below.

# Standard Carcass Trim



Mandatory Carcass Category									
	Steer and Heifer			Prime Cow			M Cow		
Fat Cover Description	Fat Class	Fat Depth	Weight Ranges	Fat Class	Fat Depth	Weight Ranges	Fat Class	Fat Depth	Weight Ranges
Deviod	A	Nil	145-159.5kg	Р	3-10mm	160-195kg	М	Under	Under 145kg
			160-195kg			100-195Ky		4mm	145-170kg
			195.5-220kg						170.5-195kg
Light, patchy		Under	220.5-245kg			195.5-220kg			195.5-220kg
		3mm	245.5-270kg						Over 220kg
			270.5-295kg			220.5-245kg			
			Over 295kg						
Light to	Р	3-10mm	145-159.5kg	T	11-16mm	245.5-270kg			
medium			160-195kg			240.0 27 oky			
			195.5-220kg						
			220.5-245kg			Over 270kg			
		11-16mm	245.5-270kg		17mm				
Heavy	T	11-1011111	270.5-295kg	F	and over	160-270kg			
			295.5-320kg						
			320.5-345kg						
			Over 345kg			270.5-295kg			
Excessive	F	17mm	145-159.5kg						
		and over	160-270kg						
			270.5-295kg			Over 295kg			
			Over 295kg						
	Num	ber of muscling	classes: 3	Num	ber of muscling	classes: 3		No muscling cl	asses

### Mandatory Carcass Category

		Bull	
Fat Cover Description	Fat Class	Fat Depth	Weight Ranges
Deviod to	М	Under	Up to 195kg
light, patchy		3mm	195.5-220kg
			220.5-245kg
			245.5-270kg
			270.5-295kg
			295.5-320kg
Light or medium to	TM	3mm and over	320.5-345kg
excessive			Over 345kg
	Num	ber of muscling	classes: 3

## Voluntary Carcass Category

#### Selected Young Beef (SYB)

Young bovine carcasses with not more than 4 permanent incisors erupted, grass fed and growth promotant free

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Qualifying fat classes	Fat Depth	Weight Ranges
М	Under 3mm	245-360kg
TM	3mm and over	243-300kg
Number of muscling classes: 3		

#### Hot weight:

The basis on which New Zealand producers are paid. This measurement is used only within New Zealand.

#### Fat thickness:

The depth of subcutaneous fat over the fourth quarter of the eye muscle at the 12th rib.

In practice company graders and auditors us it as a guide while also considering the fat content of the whole carcass.

#### Cow:

Includes steer and heifer which are either: i) under 145kg: or ii) excessively yellow; - includes cow which are either i) under 160kg; or ii) excessively yellow.

#### L Type:

L Type-Cow carcasses are classified as M cow.

A class is intended to encompass those well-muscled steer and heifer carcasses over 145kgs, which are devoid of fat.

#### Selected Young Beef (SYB):

SYB is a voluntary carcass category. SYB are bovine carcasses with not more than 4 permanent incisors erupted, grass fed and growth promotant free. The SYB category encompasses carcasses between 245kg and 360kg.

# Muscling

All adult cattle, other than M cow are classified into three muscling classes, 1, 2 and 3. Each is based on the degree of muscling of the hindquarter (see illustration below).



### Class 1

- profiles convex to super convex
- excellent muscle
  development

Round:	Very rounded
Rump:	Very rounded

	,	
Loin:	Full	

Carcasses with any two of the three attributes qualify.



### Class 2

- profiles on the whole, straight but may vary from slightly convex to slightly concave
- good muscle development

Round:	Well developed to average development
Rump:	Rounded to average

Kump.	development	
Loin:	Generally full	

Carcasses with any two of the

three attributes qualify.



# Class 3

• pro	ofiles on the whole,	
concave		
Round:	Lacking development	
Rump:	Straight profile lacking development	
Loin:	Average to shallow development	

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